The Ohio State University
Ohio Union

Building Emergency Action Plan

Office of Student Life

Ohio Union
Building #: 161
1739 North High Street
Columbus, Ohio 43210

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Introduction

The Office of Environmental Health and Safety in collaboration with Student Life and University Public Safety developed this model Building Emergency Action Plan (BEAP) (formerly known as EOEP) to assist departments in preparing for building emergencies as required by university policy (OSU Occupational Health & Safety Policy – 3.61); the Ohio Fire Code – 1301:7-7-04 (D) Section 404 Fire Safety & Evacuation Plans; and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standard 29 CFR 1910.38 as required by the Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 4167 (Public Employees Risk Reduction Act). This plan is intended for use by departments that occupy University facilities and should be completed as a building plan including all departments and areas of the building in the planning and implementation process. This plan is coordinated through Student Life Risk and Emergency Management in cooperation with the Department of Public Safety.

It is expected departments will customize the appendices and complete this plan to meet their specific needs, operations and locations. Additional appendices can be added to customize the plan for building or department specific needs.

The BEAP model plan was written to correlate with the larger Ohio State University Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) for campus operations during large scale or campus-wide emergencies and departmental specific business continuity plans for departmental operations during departmental or campus emergencies.

The evacuation of university facilities presents unique situations and challenges. Some facilities may house only one department or college office whereas other facilities may contain business space for numerous departments. Additionally, the space occupied in university facilities may contain a wide range of uses including administrative office space, classroom space, lecture halls, conference rooms, laboratories, academic office space, etc.

A major challenge for the successful evacuation of university facilities is the population of the facility changes every hour. It is quite difficult to know at any given time the exact number of occupants in any university facility. In university facilities, the timely and responsible evacuation often becomes the responsibility of a few key individuals.

This plan is designed to address these concerns and as a resource to provide important information and assist in the safe evacuation of campus facilities. Considerable effort has gone into trying to make this plan concise, clear, easy to use and easy to implement. If further assistance is needed, contact Student Life Risk and Emergency Management at renker.5@osu.edu or foust.103@osu.edu.
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Building Emergency Action Plan (BEAP)

Chapter 1 COORDINATION

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this plan is to establish procedures and duties, to promote planning and to establish training for fire and other emergency evacuations as required by university policy and applicable regulatory codes and standards. Area occupants, staff, and students are expected to be familiar with emergency procedures, participate in training, and orient and inform guests of the procedures to be followed in case of an alarm or emergency.

1.2 SCOPE

This plan applies to all employees and/or building occupants within the Ohio Union.

1.3 COORDINATION WITH OTHER EMERGENCY PLANS

This BEAP document is a key component in departmental and/or building safety planning. However, it is not intended to replace the university Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan, Business Continuity Planning or other emergency planning required by university policy or regulatory agencies. This BEAP must be coordinated with these and other emergency/safety documents.

1.4 OSU COMPREHENSIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLAN

The OSU Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) outlines procedures and duties for a coordinated response to emergencies occurring on Campus. The CEMP is managed by the Department of Public Safety.

1.5 COORDINATION WITH DEPARTMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PLANS

This BEAP reflects the University's emergency response procedures and programs and satisfies an element of the Departmental Health and Safety Plan required by OSHA 29 CFR 1910.38. It is to be used in addition to other department specific plans.

1.6 COORDINATION WITH DEPARTMENTAL BUSINESS CONTINUITY PLANS

Business Continuity Plans outline procedures to be followed in case of catastrophic incidents affecting normal operations at The Ohio State University. This BEAP is not a replacement for departmental Business Continuity Planning; in fact, it should be included as an attachment to Business Continuity Plans and reviewed/updated when Business Continuity Plans are reviewed/updated.
Chapter 2 UNIVERSITY EMERGENCY RESOURCES & CONTACTS

NIMS (National Incident Management System)

Emergency Support Functions (ESF)

The National Response Plan (NRP) is part of the National Incident Management System (NIMS) and establishes a comprehensive all-hazards approach to enhance the ability of the United States to manage domestic incidents. The plan incorporates best practices and procedures from incident management disciplines – homeland security, emergency management, law enforcement, firefighting, public works, public health, responder and recovery worker health and safety, emergency medical services and the private sector – and integrates them into a unified structure. It forms the basis of how the federal government coordinates with state, local and tribal governments and the private sector during incidents and identifies how specific entities support the overall goals. A building emergency as defined in this plan may cause the activation of the university Emergency Operations Center (EOC). Activation of the EOC will be decided and announced by University Public Safety or University Administration and requires support from departments as identified in the following Emergency Support Functions (ESF), which are part of NIMS through the NRP. Specific roles and responsibilities for each ESF are provided in the OSU Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) managed and implemented by the Department of Public Safety – Emergency Preparedness and Fire Prevention.

2.1 OSU Transportation & Traffic Management

ESF 1 Transportation

OSU Transportation & Traffic Management (TTM) is responsible for university transportation and traffic management services including the Campus Area Bus Service (CABS); bus charters; vehicle rental; state vehicle repair; vehicle fuel purchases; state vehicle purchasing; and campus traffic management. During emergencies, TTM traffic control officers assist with traffic control. TTM can be contacted at http://ttm.osu.edu or (614) 292-7433.

ESF 1: During campus emergencies where required, Transportation & Traffic Management is responsible for providing vehicles and personnel to fulfill transportation-related mission assignments within the university at the time of a major disaster event. These assignments can be anticipated to involve two major operations. First is to provide evacuation transportation assistance for the transit dependent. The second is to provide transportation support of the movement of personnel and materials needed to initiate and sustain emergency response and disaster recovery operations related to the disaster event. TTM will be responsible for all parking and transportation logistics in the EOC and will work with CampusParc to provide a coordinated response to all parking and transportation related concerns.

2.2 Office of Chief Information Officer (OCIO)

ESF 2 Communications

OSU OCIO is the telecommunications and networking department offering voice, data, and video services to the university community. OCIO can be contacted at (http://ocio.osu.edu/) or (614) 688-HELP (4357).

ESF 2: During campus emergencies where required, OCIO is responsible for
providing facilities, equipment, trained personnel, services and supplies necessary to sustain communications by university and other designated departments and organizations during emergency response and disaster recovery operations within or for the benefit of The Ohio State University at the time of a disaster or major event. The communications facilities, systems and equipment provided, maintained, repaired or replaced during a disaster or major event include both permanent communications systems installed specifically to support university emergency response and disaster recovery operations.

WOSU AM 820 is the official area broadcast station in case of major disaster or university closing. Tune in to this station for information.

2.3 **Facilities Operations and Development (FOD)**

**ESF 3 Public Works and Engineering**

OSU Facilities Operations and Development (FOD) provides design and construction; planning and real estate; utilities support; maintenance operations; custodial operations; roads and grounds maintenance and support; and safety. FOD in collaboration with Student Life maintains a 24-hour, 7-days a week Customer Service Center called Service2Facilities available at 292-4357(HELP). Additionally, FOD can be contacted at [http://www.fod.osu.edu/](http://www.fod.osu.edu/).

ESF 3: FOD is responsible for coordination of debris removal actions, facilitating emergency access into impacted areas, implementing temporary measures for safety and property protection, assisting in the stabilization or demolition of damaged structures, restoration of roadway networks, and restoration or repair of other critical components of the university infrastructure.

2.4 **OSU Public Safety**

**City of Columbus Division of Fire**

**ESF 4 Firefighting**

University Fire Prevention Services, a division of Public Safety acts as liaison with the State of Ohio Fire Marshal and the City of Columbus Division of Fire to provide fire safety services to the university community. These services include inspections and alarm response. Maintenance and repairs for building fire alarm systems should be directed to Service-2-Facilities at 292-4357(HELP). Public Safety can be contacted at [http://www.ps.ohio-state.edu/](http://www.ps.ohio-state.edu/) or (614) 247-6300.

ESF 4: University Fire Prevention Services is responsible for coordination of support to fire prevention and suppression operations conducted at the time of a disaster impacting The Ohio State University. Operations at an incident scene will be directed and coordinated by the designated incident commander pursuant to established ICS procedures. University Fire Prevention Services will staff a workstation at the University Emergency Operations Center, when activated, to provide coordination and support to field operations, as well as to coordinate firefighting support to other university response and recovery operations.
2.5 OSU Public Safety
University Security Services
ESF 5 Emergency Management

The Division of University Public Safety is the coordinating public safety entity on campus. The Public Safety offices are located in Blankenship Hall and in Tuttle Park Place. The OSU Police Department, Emergency Preparedness and Fire Prevention Services, Security Services & Student Safety Services are the main operating units. The Office of the Assistant Vice President for University Public Safety is also responsible for the maintenance of the university’s overall emergency response and disaster planning efforts and protocols. Public Safety can be contacted at (http://www.ps.ohio-state.edu/) or (614) 247-6300.

University Security Services is responsible for alarm monitoring on campus and provides Security Services for select university facilities. Security Services operates a 24-hour, 7-days a week alarm monitoring and communications center. Issues involving alarm systems, not including maintenance or repair, should be brought to their attention. Maintenance or repair of alarm systems should be directed to Service2Facilities at (614) 292-4357(HELP). University Security Services can be contacted at (http://www.ps.ohio-state.edu/) or (614) 292-7677.

ESF 5: University Public Safety provides the focal point for coordination of information gathering and analysis in the Emergency Operations Center (EOC). Information gathered by university response departments during or as a result of field operations provides the information to the EOC where it is processed for purposes of determining the characteristics of the event and its impacts on the university, for strategic planning of response and recovery operations by the university and for providing information to organizations involved in the response. The information gathered and processed by University Public Safety also represents the authoritative source for information to the general public about the event.

2.6 Student Life (University Housing)
ESF 6 Mass Care

The Office of Student Life is responsible for many of the outside-the-classroom aspects of student life at Ohio State. Among these are student housing; food service; health, wellness and counseling; activities, organizations and leadership development; recreation and intramurals; ResNet; and BuckID. Student Life is a partner in the Multicultural Center, Living-Learning Programs, the Younkin Success Center and the Student Legal Clinic. Student Life also operates the Ohio Union. The Office of Student Life can be contacted at (http://studentlife.osu.edu/) or (614) 292-9334.

ESF 6: In addition to sending a representative to the EOC, Student Life will establish and staff their own emergency operations center in the Alumni Lounge at the Fawcett Center to respond to issues and coordinate activities of the division during an emergency. A 1-800 number and a web site will be maintained to provide timely and accurate information for the community and the families of students. The website and 1-800 number will be in coordination with University Communications and OIT/UNITS. This emergency operations center may be staffed whenever the university EOC is activated as well as for incidents, which impact large numbers of the student population.
The Ohio State University Office of Student Life is responsible for providing mass care services on campus for students, staff, faculty and visitors temporarily displaced or evacuated as a result of a hazardous event or that require mass care services in or near impacted areas due to the prolonged outage of public utilities and the inaccessibility of basic community services. Student Life will integrate operations with those of other university departments to ensure effective and timely activation, staffing and operation of shelters and field mass care locations.

2.7 OSU Purchasing

ESF 7 Resource Support

The Ohio State University Board of Trustees has delegated purchasing authority to the University Purchasing Department for the acquisition of equipment, materials, supplies and services for the university. With University Purchasing's oversight, the Office of Sponsored Programs (OSP) and the OSU Wexner Medical Center (OSUWMC) have purchasing authority to facilitate the procurement process specific to their area's unique needs. OSU Purchasing can be contacted at (http://purchasing.osu.edu/) or (614) 292-2694.

ESF 7: During a Campus-wide emergency (disaster), OSU Purchasing will establish and staff a workstation at the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) in Blankenship Hall. Purchasing, in collaboration with supporting departments, will process requests for procurement and purchasing. Additionally, Purchasing will receive requests for additional resources, personnel and services through other representatives at the EOC. In fulfilling requests, they will draw first from the existing inventories of university departments, if the materials can be obtained and delivered on a timely basis. Additional resources that may be requested include any materials needed to initiate and sustain emergency operations including emergency relief supplies, space, office supplies and equipment, vehicles, fuel, contracted services, telecommunications, temporary personnel, specialists and consultants, etc.

2.8 The Ohio State University Wexner Medical Center

ESF 8 Health and Medical Services

The Ohio State University Wexner Medical Center provides patient care, teaching and research at four major hospitals (University Hospital, James Cancer Hospital and Solove Research Institute, Ross Heart Hospital, OSU Hospitals East), at outreach and satellite clinics and at academic College of Medicine buildings on the main OSU Campus. The Ohio State University Wexner Medical Center can be reached at (http://medicalcenter.osu.edu/) or (614) 293-5123.

ESF 8: The Ohio State University Wexner Medical Center will provide direction, coordination and guidance to operations conducted within the university to provide health and medical services to members of the public affected by the event, as well as to emergency workers responding to the event. Additionally, the OSU Wexner Medical Center representative at the EOC will receive information from impacted areas and establish emergency operations regarding the need for health and medical services and resources, and will deploy or activate facilities, personnel, equipment and other resources of the primary and support departments to meet those needs.
2.9 Environmental Health & Safety (EHS)  
ESF 10 Hazardous Materials

The Office of Environmental Health & Safety (EHS) assists the university community in providing and maintaining a safe, healthful work environment for students, faculty, staff, contractors, and visitors. The EHS mission also encompasses responsibilities of protecting the local community and environment from potential hazards generated by university activities.

The EHS Emergency Response Team (ERT) is available to provide consultation and support for hazardous material spills and releases, temporary controls and other general information to the Columbus Division of Fire (CFD), OSUPD and OSU departments during normal business hours, 7:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday. After normal business hours, the EHS ERT can be contacted through the OSUPD. EHS can be contacted at (www.ehs.ohio-state.edu) or (614) 292-1284.

ESF 10: Emergency response operations for hazardous materials releases will be directed and controlled at each incident scene by the designated incident commander responsible, utilizing established procedures for implementation of the incident command system (ICS). When the magnitude of the event warrants activation of this ESF, EHS will serve as the designated primary department and provide staff to the university EOC. EHS will coordinate the university-wide response to the hazardous materials aspects of the event and its impacts, utilizing the resources of the support departments and available mutual aid. The Columbus Division of Fire Hazardous Materials Team will be counted on for assistance during the event.

2.10 Student Life (Campus Dining Services)  
ESF 11 Food and Water

The Office of Student Life is responsible for the Campus Dining Services operation which is a part of University Residence and Dining Services. Their mission is to support and enrich the university community by providing an exceptional dining experience.

In addition to sending a representative to the EOC, Student Life will establish and staff their own emergency operations center in the Alumni Lounge at the Fawcett Center to respond to issues and coordinate activities of the division during an emergency. This emergency operations center may be staffed whenever the university EOC is activated as well as for incidents, which impact large numbers of the student population.

During the operation of the EOC during campus emergencies, Campus Dining Services will process requests for food, water and ice, including types, amounts and destination locations for both impacted individuals and groups as well as staff supporting the emergency services effort.

2.11 Facilities Operations and Development (FOD)  
ESF 12 Utilities Support

OSU Facilities Operations and Development (FOD) provides several services including design and construction; planning and real estate; utilities support; maintenance operations; custodial operations; roads and grounds maintenance and
support; and safety. FOD in collaboration with Student Life maintains a 24-hour, 7-days a week Customer Service Center called Service2Facilities available at 292-4357(HELP). Additionally, FOD can be contacted at (http://www.fod.osu.edu/).

ESF 12: During a campus emergency when the activation of the EOC has occurred, FOD will process all requests for energy and utility related information and assistance. During the event, FOD Utilities personnel will gather and process information and assessments of the operations status of energy and utility systems serving the university, and will coordinate the allocation and deployment of university and outside resources to their repair or restoration.

2.12 The Ohio State University Police Department
ESF 16 Law Enforcement

The Ohio State University Police Department (OSUPD) located in Blankenship Hall at 901 Woody Hayes Drive maintains an Emergency Communications Center 24-hours a day, 7-days a week. To report an emergency of any kind, including but not limited to fire, medical emergency, or hazardous material spills or release, dial 9-1-1 from any campus telephone or 292-2525 from wireless, pay and off-campus telephones. Additionally, the OSUPD can be contacted at (http://www.ps.ohio-state.edu/).

2.13 OSU Emergency Operation Center

For a major local or regional emergency, the university’s Emergency Operation Center (EOC) may be activated. EOC staff will decide on the use of available resources and communicate with outside agencies and authorities. Information on missing persons, building emergencies, resources and other needs must be provided to the EOC. The EOC may be reached by calling University Police at 292-2121.

2.14 WOSU FM 89.7 – Official Emergency Broadcast Station

WOSU FM 89.7 is the official area broadcast station in case of major disaster or university closing. Tune in to this station for information.
Chapter 3 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

3.1 Telephone
In case of emergency, the campus telephone system will be used to the extent possible. In case of system failure or a power failure, campus phones may not function. Ohio Union staff will serve as messengers or utilize hand held radios if phone communication is not an option.

An emergency phone list of building occupants will be located in the Ohio Union Director’s office in order to notify if an emergency occurs. An additional list will be kept at the Information Center. In addition, Area Evacuation Coordinators will also have a copy of the emergency phone list for the building. A copy of the Emergency Call List is also included in Appendix A.

3.2 Emergency Telephone System
Some buildings are equipped with emergency backup telephone service capable of operating in the event of a university telephone system outage. These telephones are on State of Ohio telephone lines, are dark brown in color and identified with a sticker indicating “Emergency Telephone.” The Ohio Union’s brown emergency phone is located in Room 1152A the Ohio Union Dock Operations office.

3.3 Fire Alarm System
The Ohio Union is equipped with a fire alarm system that is continuously monitored for fire alarms and other life/safety systems by University Security Services and Service2Facilities. These alarms result in a call to the Columbus Division of Fire and OSUPD.

Only specific Ohio Union staff are authorized to reset the fire alarm panel and to make public announcements via the fire alarms system. Voice announcements are available to be heard throughout the entire facility and also separated by individual floors. Please see Appendices A, E & F for specific processes and contact people for the Ohio Union.

3.4 Mobile Telephones
Mobile telephones may or may not work in the event of an emergency. It should be noted, dialing 9-1-1 from a mobile telephone on main campus results in the call going to the Columbus Police Department (CPD) or other dispatchers. Emergency calls to OSU Police from a mobile phone should be directed to 292-2121 or callers should ask to be connected to Ohio State University Police Dispatch. Emergency call lists are available with each Area Evacuation Coordinator, at the Information Center and the Ohio Union Director’s Office.
3.5 Other Building / Department Specific Monitored Systems

The Ohio Union has specific monitored systems such as alarmed equipment; and communication resources such as radios, wireless telephones, etc. This information should be shared with emergency responders and managed through the agency monitoring such devices. Emergency contact information is available on equipment with local alarms in Appendix G or by calling Service2Facilities at 614-292-4357 (HELP).

The installed direct digital control system (Building Automation System) provides: control and monitoring of security, life safety, heating/cooling plant systems, equipment and environments within the facility. Critical alarms, conditions and warning messages are immediately issued to responsible parties including Service2Facilities, the 24 hour service desk which provide early warnings in order to help provide uninterrupted services to customers.

Several security-related systems are also installed within the Ohio Union facility. These include online and off line card reader systems, security cameras and security alarms for both art and duress situations. Security alarm and duress alarm systems are monitored by the Department of Public Safety. Maintenance requests for these systems should be directed to Service2Facilities at 614-292-4357 (HELP).

Radios
In the case of an emergency, radios should be used to communicate the need for evacuation. In the case of a bomb threat or discovery of a suspicious item, radios should only be used at the direction of the Department of Public Safety or Columbus Fire Department/Bomb Squad. Ohio Union radios are located in Room 2046 in the Ohio Union Administration Office.

Bullhorns
Bullhorns can be used to make audible announcement to large groups of people. They may be necessary when an evacuation has occurred to communicate with occupants gathered at the assembly point. Bullhorns are located in Room 2095 in the Center for Student Leadership and Service.

3.6 Emergency Departmental Contact Information

A list of emergency departmental contact information including staffing lists and contact numbers as well as vendor information may be established to identify individuals, departments and/or vendors that need notified in case of a department or building emergency. This information should be listed in appropriate business continuity plans. The coordinator of the Ohio Union Business Continuity Plan is Eve Esch.
3.7 Buckeye Alert

The Buckeye Alert system is Ohio State's text messaging system and is designed to provide rapid notification to alert students, faculty, and staff of an emergency situation that requires them to take immediate action to help preserve their safety and security. Text messaging is a simple and reliable means to send messages to as many text-message capable phones (or other digital devices) as quickly as possible. Faculty, students, and staff are automatically registered to receive messages if they have their cell phone number labeled as such as a part of their BuckeyeLink or Employee Self Service information.

For more information about Buckeye Alert, please go to www.buckeyealert.osu.edu. All Ohio Union staff and tenants are strongly encouraged to verify their contact information so they can properly receive alerts via the Buckeye Alert system. Staff can update their information by going to www.eprofile.osu.edu. Students can update their information by going to www.buckeyelink.osu.edu.
Chapter 4 EXPECTATIONS FOR DEPARTMENTS & EMPLOYEES

4.1 Employees, Faculty & Staff are Responsible for:
   Being familiar with and following BEAP procedures when required
   Participating in training.
   Orienting and informing students and visitors of these procedures and what to do in case of a building alarm or emergency.
   When the fire alarm sounds, evacuate the building and report to the designated evacuation assembly point. Do not hesitate or stop to make phone calls, retrieve personal items, etc.

4.2 Special Positions
   The Building Emergency Coordinator and their alternate or designee are employees and occupants of the building and have either volunteered or been appointed to serve in these positions. (Appendix A)

4.3 Building Emergency Coordinator Responsibility and Control
   The Building Emergency Coordinator acts as the liaison with responding emergency services and others if a building emergency occurs. In their absence, the alternates are responsible for carrying out the requirements. If an emergency occurs when these individuals are not available, the most senior employee will serve in this position. Any possible problem areas should be reported to responding emergency personnel.
   For a community-wide event, the Building Emergency Coordinator or an alternate will establish contact with the OSU Emergency Operations Center (EOC) via the Student Life EOC Representatives.

4.4 Building Emergency Coordinator and Alternates Duties
   In coordination with Student Life Risk and Emergency Management the Building Emergency Coordinator will:
   • Assist in the preparation and maintenance of this document and ensure a copy of the completed plan is available to all occupants.
   • Coordinate with building/department administrators (liaisons) responsible for employee, student, and visitor health and safety.
   • Attend training hosted by SL REM to be able to know how to properly react to and reset fire alarm system
   • Assist in recruiting Floor Evacuation Coordinator(s) (and alternates) for all occupied areas of the building and ensure they know what their duties are in case of an evacuation. A current list of Floor Evacuation Coordinators and alternates is to be maintained in the building's BEAP (Appendix A).
   • Review this plan at least annually and confirm it is current.
   • Coordinate “drills” for building and appropriate training for Floor Evacuation Coordinators and tenants.
• Ensure emergency services (OSUPD, Student Life - Risk and Emergency Management (SL-REM) are notified after all actual building emergencies as appropriate. False alarms do not need to be reported to REM.

• During a fire alarm, report to the evacuation assembly point and act as a liaison with responding emergency services and do the following:
  1. Receive status reports from Floor Evacuation Coordinators.
  2. Provide information about the building layout, systems, processes and special hazards to Student Life Facility Management and Logistics (SLFML), OSUPD, CFD, SL-REM and other emergency personnel.
  3. Coordinate with key building administrators on building occupancy and operation issues.

• Take direction from emergency responders and provide personnel assistance, when requested. When an "ALL CLEAR" determination is made by the fire or police department, the Building Emergency Coordinator notifies the Floor Evacuation Coordinators that the occupants may reenter the building. **SILENCING OF THE ALARM IS NOT CONSIDERED AN ALL-CLEAR SIGNAL.**

4.5 Area and Floor Evacuation Coordinator Duties

• Attend training sessions and meetings to review procedures and duties.
• Be familiar with the Building Emergency Action Plan (BEAP). It contains the function and activities of building staff during many emergencies, how these activities are to mesh with responding emergency personnel, information on the building and its emergency protection systems and a list of all the Floor Evacuation Coordinators in your building.
• Distribute copies of the completed plan, or appropriate sections of it, to all people in your area of responsibility. Your Building Emergency Coordinator will provide copies of the BEAP available for use.
• Know where persons with disabilities are located in your area and what their alarm response will be.
• Coordinate with the other Area and Floor Evacuation Coordinators on your floor to avoid duplication of tasks.
• Walk over your primary and secondary evacuation routes at least once per semester to familiarize yourself with emergency exits and routes to the assembly area.
• Know where hazardous conditions or situations are in your area. Know the location of flammable and other hazardous materials.
• Know where the phones and pull stations are and know how to report an alarm.
• Know how the alarm system responds.

4.6 Event Host Responsibilities

• Provide his or her event with general information relating to emergency procedures such as emergency exits and evacuation assembly points. This information should be shared during the beginning of the event.
• Know how to report an emergency from the meeting space being used.
- Assure that persons with disabilities have the information they need. The event host should be familiar with the attendee’s plan and be able to direct visitors with disabilities.
- Take responsible charge of the event space and follow emergency procedures for all building alarms and emergencies.

**As an event host, what do I need to know about Emergency Preparedness?**

Event hosts will find it helpful to review the plans for the buildings in which they hold events to see if the plans differ from the general information provided here.

Calm, collected and clear directions by the event host will have a calming effect on the attendees. In order for the event host to exhibit this controlled personae he or she must be prepared for emergencies.

**EVACUATION ROUTES** – Unless unusual conditions dictate otherwise, the best evacuation route is the nearest stairway and out the nearest exit.

**EMERGENCY ASSEMBLY POINTS** - After the group leaves the alarmed building or area, it is important for them to go to a pre-determined area where the presence of persons can be documented. This “safe area” will be a designated Emergency Assembly Point (EAP) where the group will not interfere with responding emergency services nor place themselves at risk of injury from the emergency. The Ohio Union’s EAP’s include the bus stop area on College Avenue, the east lawn of the Ohio Union and the north Drinko lawn area.

Accounting for all attendees can be very difficult, particularly with a large group. However, an attempt must be made. For example, it might be possible for the event host to: wait until all the attendees have left the meeting space, use the participant roster, use a head count or have attendees see if the students seated next to them are at the assembly point. You must also account for persons with disabilities (See below).

**EVACUATION FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES** - If there is a person with a disability at an event, the event host must be knowledgeable of their response and who may be assisting them. Four options are available to persons with disabilities:
- *Horizontal Evacuation* to outside or another building, if available.
- *Stairway Evacuation*.
- *Stay in Place* unless danger is imminent.

Elevators cannot be used during an emergency evacuation!

**REPORTING TO BUILDING EMERGENCY COORDINATOR** - After exiting and accounting for attendees, the Building Emergency Coordinator will notify emergency personnel of persons missing or trapped or persons with disabilities that are awaiting assistance in place (unless danger is imminent).
HOW TO REPORT AN EMERGENCY - Check each event space for the nearest working telephone, your cell phone or the nearest life safety (fire) alarm pull station and the nearest fire extinguisher.

- **Fire**
  - Call 9-1-1 & Activate Fire Alarm Pull Station

- **Health/Police**
  - Call 9-1-1

- **Hazardous Material Spill**
  - Call 9-1-1

- **Facility or Utility Failure**
  - Call 614-292-4357(HELP)

**What Emergency Preparedness materials should I have with me during the event?**

- Roster of participants
- Important telephone numbers (in addition to Emergency numbers)
- Contact information for event planner
- Other items as appropriate
Chapter 5 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

5.1 Fire

When an alarm sounds on your floor or area, begin immediate evacuation following your plan (Appendix D, Building Evacuation Plan). Close doors behind you.

If you discover a fire, activate the nearest pull station and call 9-1-1. Then you may attempt to extinguish the fire with a fire extinguisher if you are trained to do so (use the acronym RACE – Rescue – Alarm – Confine – Extinguish / Evacuate). If the fire is too large or you are uncomfortable or unfamiliar with the proper use of a fire extinguisher, after sounding the alarm simply close the door and evacuate.

If the fire alarm does not work, call 9-1-1 and notify occupants verbally of the emergency and the need to evacuate. Evacuation Coordinators or another responsible party needs to confirm all occupants are notified.

Remember: Hazardous equipment and processes, like cooking, should be shut down unless doing so presents a greater hazard. Close doors before leaving.

Evacuate via the nearest stairwell or grade level exit. Do not block/wedge exit doors in an open position. The doors must remain closed to keep smoke out and keep them safe for evacuation and fire personnel. Leaving doors open makes the stairwells dangerous and unusable. Persons with physical disabilities have several options listed in this document.

DO NOT USE THE ELEVATORS

Please note that when a detector is activated within 21 feet of the elevator or in either of the elevator machine rooms, the elevator will recall in fire service operation and return to the first floor.

Go to your pre-determined Evacuation Assembly Point (EAP) as outlined in Appendix D. There are more than one EAP for the Ohio Union. Please make sure that you are familiar with all of them.

At the EAP, account for personnel and report to the Floor Evacuation Coordinators if any occupants are unaccounted for and may be trapped. Floor Evacuation Coordinators will report to the Building Emergency Coordinator.

If an individual is trapped by smoke, shelter in place, stay low, cover your mouth with a wet cloth, stay near a window, open it but do not break it, hang something out the window to let fire personnel know you are there and put something in cracks around the door, phone 9-1-1 if possible.

Special Instructions for Floor Evacuation Coordinators during a Fire

Be familiar with at least two evacuation routes from the assigned floor and plan to use the alternate route if the primary is not accessible during an evacuation emergency.

Make a quick sweep of all areas within the Floor Evacuation Coordinator’s area to ensure complete evacuation. Check stairwells and designated evacuation points for handicapped individuals requiring evacuation assistance. If opening doors during the
sweep of the floor, first test the doorknobs and spaces around the doors with the back of your hand for heat. If a door is warm, make note of the room number or area and do not open these doors. Check the stairwells for heat or smoke. Check the usability of the normal evacuation route, if smoke pours in; use the secondary route if possible. Report these findings to the Building Emergency Coordinator or appropriate emergency responders. Check the usability of the normal evacuation routes, and if necessary, advise of alternate routes to insure complete evacuation of all personnel from the assigned floor. If there is smoke in the evacuation route, stay low (keep head 12 to 18 inches from the floor), cover mouth with a damp cloth or handkerchief, visualize where the exits are and stay close to and use the wall to guide you so you do not become confused. If there is no smoke, you may have trouble getting people to evacuate, be strong, positive and insist. Students and visitors who may not be familiar with this plan must be informed of the requirement to evacuate. Report the completed evacuation of the assigned floor or area to the Building Emergency Coordinator in accordance with the established building emergency procedures.

Instruct all personnel to move away from and remain well clear of the building. Congregating in the vicinity of a building entrance may result in injuries from the movement of firefighters and firefighting equipment.

Special attention needs to be given to any persons with disabilities, in particular those who are visitors and unfamiliar with the building. A process is necessary to insure they are notified and accounted for (refer to section 5.13).

**Special note about Kitchen Fires:**

All kitchens in the Ohio Union are equipped with fire suppression systems that activate either manually or automatically to extinguish fires under the exhaust hoods. When activated, the suppression system will shut off all gas/electric, spray extinguishing agent onto the cooking appliance surface(s), and sound the fire alarm. To manually activate the system, pull the corresponding pull station that matches the exhaust hood under which the fire is located. The system will activate automatically if the temperature in the upper hood area reaches 360 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Familiarize yourself with the locations of the pull station and which exhaust hoods they protect.

Safely secure all cooking food and turn off burners before leaving the kitchen area. Remove any food in ovens and store safely. Please remember to close all doors upon exiting any areas.

### 5.2 Automatic Sprinkler System

The Ohio Union is fully equipped with an automatic sprinkler system. A sprinkler head will release water if exposed to significant heat under two conditions:

1. If a fire or other heat source raises the temperature at the sprinkler head.
2. The sprinkler head is physically damaged such as by being struck or under freezing conditions.

If either occurs, water will flow from the affected sprinkler head/area only. Should
this occur, the fire alarm will activate and a show a flow switch as the activated device. Locate the zone shut off valve and turn it off after assuring there is no fire. Use the zone valve locator to speed up the process as referred to in Appendix I.

5.3 Bomb Threat

A person may become aware of a bomb threat by a telephone call, E-Mail, letter, etc. The person shall notify University Police by dialing 9-1-1 after getting as much information as possible (use the information card in Appendix C).

After notifying the police, the person should then notify his or her supervisor, the Building Emergency Coordinator SL - REM as quickly as possible.

**A decision will be made to determine if a building evacuation is warranted by emergency responders only.** If it is warranted, evacuation should take place as outlined in the fire emergencies section because the fire alarm will likely be used to evacuate. Occupants should make sure they take their purses/wallets, keys and other important personal items as the length of time to return to the building may be extensive.

Occupants should not touch any suspicious or unfamiliar objects. Occupants should note the location and description of any suspicious, unusual or out of place objects and report such observation to the emergency responders. Occupants should not conduct any type of search of the building unless asked to do so by police or fire personnel. Police or fire personnel will provide instructions to those individuals conducting a search. Usually, those individuals most familiar with the areas will be asked to conduct the search.

The OSUPD, Building Emergency Coordinator or Student Life Risk and Emergency Management will manage the building’s security once CFD or OSUPD releases the building. This group will also contact building occupants and advise them on when to return to work.

If an explosion does occur, building occupants should leave the building using the same evacuation plan and procedures as they would for a fire.

**Bomb Threat Assessment (Evacuation) Procedure**

The general policy will be to review each situation or circumstances as it presents itself.

A decision to evacuate or not to evacuate will be determined the OSU Department of Public Safety in conjunction with the Columbus Fire Department. If these individuals are unable to reach consensus, the most senior University Public Safety official will decide (based on the information available at the time).

Ohio State University Police Department will assist in communicating the need to evacuate the facility and provide perimeter security to keep the area clear of individuals within the safety zone.

Insofar as is possible, the desires of the building / facility leadership will be honored and supported by University Public Safety and police personnel. A key component
of this policy is that the considerations of people will take precedence over that of property.

In all aspects of this policy, as the situation allows itself or as is appropriate, the most senior University Public Safety official will communicate the nature of the situation and consult with the Senior Vice President of Administration and Planning, Vice President for Student Life and the Office of the President.

Clarification Notes:

Most senior official in regards to the OSU Police Department means the highest ranking officer in charge of the site / scene at the time of the incident.

5.4 Chemical Spills or Release (Indoors)

Small spills that are identified and do not endanger workers in the immediate area may only be cleaned up by qualified personnel who have been trained and are properly equipped to handle the situation. Chemical spill guidelines have been established and are available in the university's Chemical Management Guidebook. Trained personnel should take into consideration the following:

1. The hazards of the chemical(s) involved.
2. The amount of the chemical(s) involved.
3. Spill locations.
4. Availability of spill cleanup materials or kits.

See the following information for spill cleanup guidelines

If the spill is large, if the chemical is not easily identified, if the chemical is extremely hazardous or if there has been a fire, explosion or personal injury involved, then:

1. Evacuate all personnel from the area.
2. If the entire building requires evacuation, activate the building fire alarm system and evacuate utilizing the fire evacuation procedure. The fire alarm will be used for evacuation.
3. Report to:
   - OSU Police - Dial 9-1-1
   - EHS - Dial 292-1284
4. When placing an emergency call:
   - Give your name.
   - Give your location (room and building).
   - Give the phone number you are using.
   - Describe the emergency/injuries.
   - If possible, remain in vicinity, away from danger, to assist emergency responders.

Measures should be taken to prevent people from entering the contaminated area.

Meet the emergency responders and provide information and assistance as needed.

5.5 Hazardous Materials Incident (Outdoors)

This section should be implemented in the event of a major hazardous material incident that occurs outside the building, but the chemical could impact the building occupants (i.e., train derailment, tractor trailer accident, etc).
Hazardous material accidents can occur on campus or in the adjacent areas and could impact occupants inside buildings. Local media will broadcast warnings over radio and television to communicate that a hazardous materials incident has occurred. The National Weather Service will broadcast similar warnings over NOAA Weather Radios. Community sirens might sound, notifying people within hearing range of the incident and to listen to local media. Once building occupants become aware of a hazardous material incident that may impact the building, they should notify the Building Emergency Coordinator. The Building Emergency Coordinator will immediately notify employees by word of mouth, telephone or public address announcement. This notification will advise building occupants to implement emergency actions.

The local community uses two strategies for protecting citizens during hazardous material emergencies; the Building Emergency Coordinator will notify the building occupants which strategy has been implemented.

**Shelter in Place**

The first strategy local government could use is “Shelter-in-Place.” Everyone in the building would be required to stay in the building until the all clear is given. Employees will take the following actions:

1. Close all windows and doors.
2. Maintenance staff will turn individual heating/cooling systems (HVAC) off.
3. Any occupant who comes into contact with a student or visitor should direct them to take appropriate actions.
4. Any occupant that comes into contact with a visitor or student that is physically disabled should assist those individuals.

The Building Emergency Coordinator will ensure that these actions are completed. The Building Emergency Coordinator and/or Floor Evacuation Coordinators will also conduct a roll call to ensure that all personnel are protected.

The Building Emergency Coordinator will monitor the news media or the NOAA Weather Radio for further updates and will advise personnel on any changes in the situation. The Building Emergency Coordinator will also announce the all clear when declared by community officials.

If building occupants become ill from the chemical release, the Building Emergency Coordinator or designate should contact OSUPD at 9-1-1.

If advised by public safety personnel, the Building Emergency Coordinator will direct personnel to open doors and windows and allow the building to air out after the all clear is given. The Building Emergency Coordinator will also direct personnel to reactivate the heating/cooling system (HVAC).

Special attention should be given and procedures developed if disabled personnel occupy the building.

**Evacuation**

The second strategy that local government could use is “Evacuation.” The Building Emergency Coordinator will direct personnel to take appropriate action as directed by public safety personnel. This action may include:

1. Walking to an assembly area to be evacuated by public transportation.
2. Walk or drive away from the area using travel direction determined by community officials.
3. Any occupant who comes into contact with a student or visitor should direct them to take appropriate actions.
4. Any occupant who comes into contact with a visitor or student who is physically disabled should assist those individuals.

Building Emergency Coordinator will ensure these actions are completed as directed by community officials. The Building Emergency Coordinator and/or Floor Emergency Coordinators will also ensure all personnel have evacuated the building.

If building occupants become ill from the chemical release, the Building Emergency Coordinator or designate should contact OSU Police at 9-1-1.

Special attention should be given and procedures developed if disabled personnel occupy the building.

5.6 Hazardous Chemical Spill Cleanup Guidelines

**You Clean Up the Spill**

For chemical spills which do not involve injury, do not represent a fire or life hazard, are less than one gallon and for which you have the proper training and proper personal protective equipment to do the cleanup, you clean up the spill. If there are any questions concerning a particular spill situation, contact EHS.

**EHS Cleans Up the Spill**

For all other chemical spill situations, including those for which you have any questions or doubts about your ability to clean up the spill, call Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) at 292-1284. The situation will be evaluated and a proper response will follow. After hours, call 9-1-1. Report all injuries, fires, explosions, and potential life-threatening situations first to 9-1-1, then to EHS. If the chemical spill is too large for the University Spill Response Team to clean up, the Columbus Fire Department HazMat Team and/or private contractors will be called in to handle the cleanup procedures.

**Planning For Chemical Spill Emergencies**

Prepare an Emergency Telephone Sheet.

The sheet should contain the following information and should be posted by each telephone.
- Name and phone number of any on-site emergency personnel.
- Emergency telephone number: 9-1-1
- Environmental Health and Safety telephone number: 292-1284
- Location of the fire extinguishers.
- Location of the spill control equipment.
- Location of the fire alarm.

Train all applicable employees in chemical spill procedures when they are first hired and periodically thereafter. Document training and have the employee and supervisor sign the documentation form to certify that the training was given. Keep the certification forms on file with the Ohio Union Human Resources
representative.

**Hazardous Chemical Spill Cleanup Guidelines**

Chemical spill or hazardous materials emergency situations should be handled as a fire emergency. Initial response in a fire situation can be summarized as RESCUE, CONFINE, REPORT, SECURE, and CLEANUP (FIGHT FIRE). These principles can also be applied to a hazardous materials spill situation.

**RESCUE**

Just as you are not to reenter a burning building, do not go back in to an area where a chemical spill has occurred. In many documented cases, rescuers not wearing proper protective equipment have been overcome by toxic or asphyxiating fumes trying to rescue other victims and died as a result. Do not make this mistake.

As you leave an area involved in a chemical spill, assist people exiting the area by doing the following:

- Evacuate personnel from the spill area.
- Direct personnel to the nearest fire exit. Do not use the elevators.
- Attend to victims.

First Aid

- Remove victim from spill area to fresh air (but do not endanger your own life by entering areas with toxic gases).
- Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
- Wash skin with water.
- Flush skin and/or eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. (You may not feel any immediate effect from a chemical spill, but it is important to wash quickly and thoroughly because many chemicals can cause severe tissue damage which is not apparent until hours later.)
- Get medical attention for victims.

Chemical spills over large body areas

- Remove contaminated clothing while under a shower.
- Flood affected body area with water for 15 minutes.
- Resume water wash if pain returns.
- Wash off chemicals with water; do not use neutralizing chemicals, creams, lotions or salves.
- Make sure medical personnel understand exactly what chemical is involved.

**CONFINE**

- Close all doors.
- Isolate area.
- Contact maintenance staff via Service2Facilities (614) 292-4357 (HELP) to establish exhaust ventilation.
- Open windows if possible without exposing yourself to the fumes.

**REPORT**

Call 9-1-1:
• for spills that involve injury requiring medical treatment.
• for spills that involve fire or explosion hazards.
• for spills which are potentially life threatening.
• for all chemical spills after work hours (4:30 PM - 7:30 AM).

Call EHS at 292-1284:
• for chemical spill situations that do not require 9-1-1 assistance.
• for spills of one gallon or more of any chemical, or any quantity of a highly reactive or toxic material.
• for spills of an unknown chemical.
• for spills that you do not have proper training or proper personal protective equipment to do the cleanup.
• for spills for which you have any questions or doubts about your ability to clean up the spill.

When calling EHS the following information will be requested:
• Your name, telephone number, and location.
• Location of the incident.
• Time and type of incident.
• Name and quantity of the material involved.
• The extent of injuries, if any.
• The possible hazards to human health or the environment outside the facility.
• Other hazards that may be encountered in the area, such as large quantities of stored chemicals (particularly oxidizers, flammables, and air-born toxic or irritant materials), radioactive materials, biohazards, etc.

SECURE
Until emergency responders arrive on the scene, Ohio Union Building Emergency Coordinators will have to block off entrances to the spill site and prevent people from entering the contaminated area.
• Lock doors leading to the chemical spill and post signs on the doors warning of the spill (if necessary).
• Post staff at commonly used entrances to the spill site, so they can warn people to use other routes.
• For any large outdoor chemical spill, keep people upwind and uphill from the site.

CLEANUP
Based on the chemical spill situations described in “Who Cleans up the Spill” section, decide who will do the cleanup. If you are going to do the cleanup, follow the procedures listed in the "What to do When You Clean Up a Spill" section.

What To Do When You Clean Up A Spill
If you have proper training, proper personal protective equipment and the proper materials to absorb and clean up your chemical spill, and no one has been injured, the spill is contained and the spill is not life threatening or a fire or explosion hazard, then follow the following procedures:
1. With the exception that you do not need to report the incident to 9-1-1 or EHS, perform all the procedures in the RESCUE, CONFINE, REPORT, and SECURE sections above.

2. When cleaning up the spill yourself, locate the spill kit.

3. Choose appropriate personal protective equipment.
   - Always wear protective gloves and goggles.
   - If there is a chance of body contact, wear an apron or coveralls.
   - If the spill is on the floor, wear protective boots or shoe covers.
   - If there are inhalation hazards, wear a respirator. If a respirator is used, the person wearing the respirator must meet all of the requirements set forth in 29 CFR 1910.134. (These include but are not limited to fit testing and medical exams).

4. Remove ignition sources.
   - Turn off hot plates, stirring motors and flame sources.
   - Shut down all other equipment.
   - If unable to shut off sources of ignition, notify the emergency responders.

5. Confine or contain the spill.
   - Cover with an absorbent mixture.
   - Clean up minor spill with paper towels or a sponge if they will not react.
   - Sweep solid materials into a dustpan, and place in a sealed container.
   - If it is an acid/base spill, first add a neutralizing agent.

Small amounts of inorganic acid/base:
   - Use a neutralizing agent and then absorbent material.

Small amounts of other materials:
   - Absorb with non-reactive material (e.g. vermiculite, sand, towels, Floor-Dri).

Large amounts of inorganic acid/base:
   - Neutralize and call for help.

Large amounts of other materials:
   - Make a judgment call, dependent upon the amount, toxicity and reactivity; you may handle it yourself or call for help.

6. Spills that require special handling:
   - Acid chlorides:
     - Use Oil-Dri, Zorb-all, dry sand, etc.
     - Avoid water and sodium bicarbonate.
   - Mercury:
     - Small spills (broken thermometer and smaller quantities of mercury), use an aspirator bulb or suction device. Then mop with mercury decontaminating powder solution (saturated HgX in water or other commercially available products).
     - For (1) larger spills than a broken thermometer, (2) any spill in an oven or heated area and (3) spills in small-unventilated rooms call EHS and ask for mercury vapor monitoring.
Alkali metals:
- Smother in dry sand.
- Put in a hood.
- If possible, dispose of by slow addition of isopropanol.

White (Yellow) Phosphorus:
- Blanket with wet sand or wet absorbent.

7. Remove absorbent material with a broom and dustpan.
- Place in a plastic bag or other appropriate container.
- If the spilled chemical is a volatile solvent, transfer the plastic bag to a fume hood for storage until the material can be picked up.
- If a material is a non-volatile hazardous chemical, dispose of the material as a hazardous chemical waste.
- If the spilled material is a non-volatile non-hazardous chemical, contact EHS to determine the appropriate disposal method.

8. Wet mop the spill area.

COMMENTS

Questions may arise as to what constitutes a large spill requiring EHS or other parties to cleanup or oversee the cleanup procedures and what are the limitations of commercially available spill cleanup kits.

A “large” chemical spill can be as small as a few milliliters if the material is a highly volatile, toxic or reactive compound spilled in a confined space. Many times you will have to make a professional judgment as to the severity of the spill. When in doubt, you can always call EHS at 292-1284 for advice.

Chemical spill cleanup kits are a must in the laboratory and other service areas that use chemicals. The kits are very useful if you and your fellow workers know how to use them properly. Chemical absorbents or neutralizers can be used quickly and effectively to contain a spill. Use these items if your personal safety is not in jeopardy. If in your judgment a respirator is necessary to clean up the spill, secure the room and call EHS to aid in the spill clean up.

Be aware of the fact that while you may be in a well ventilated room, the Lower Explosion Limit (LEL) of a chemical may be reached at the surface of the spill and you want to avoid any sparks or sources of ignition when doing the cleanup. The protective equipment in a spill kit will not protect you from a flash fire. Many times the best way to handle the spill of a highly volatile compound, such as diethyl ether or chloroform, is to open the windows and fume hoods, leave the room, close the doors and let the room air out. In these cases, call EHS at 292-1284, so they can send someone to monitor the situation. If in your professional opinion, there is a strong risk of fire or explosion, call 9-1-1 and EHS for fire department backup, pull the building alarm and evacuate the building. In most cases of a chemical bottle breaking in a laboratory, you will not need to call the fire department.

Do not forget that any person who needs to wear a respirator must be fit tested, have a medical exam and meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134.
5.7 Earthquakes

Although earthquakes are rare in Central Ohio, they can occur without warning. Some earthquakes are instantaneous tremors and others are significant sustained events followed by aftershocks. Once a significant earthquake begins, building occupants must take immediate action. Individuals should take emergency action on their own and additional actions will be implemented after the quake stops.

If indoors, watch for falling objects such as light fixtures, bookcases, cabinets, shelves and other furniture that might slide or topple. Stay away from windows. If in danger, get under a table or desk, into a corner away from windows or into a structurally strong location such as a corridor wall. Stay inside under cover until the shaking stops.

Duck, Cover, and Hold

Move away from the danger area: near windows, hanging objects, tall unsecured furniture (bookcases, cabinets, and appliances). Most casualties in earthquakes result from falling materials.

When the shaking stops, check for injuries to personnel in your area. Do not attempt to move seriously injured persons unless they are in immediate danger. Render first aid assistance if required.

Check for fires or fire hazards - spills of flammable or combustible liquids or leaks of flammable gases.

Turn off ignition and heat sources if it is safe to do so. Shut off all gas sources.

Evacuation, If Necessary

Evacuate after the shaking stops to the designated EAP for the Ohio Union if any of the below occurs or are noted:

- Smoke and/or fire
- Fire and/or sprinkler alarm is activated
- Other life-threatening hazards
- Significant amount of fallen objects
- Glass breakage
- Cracks in walls
When in doubt, evacuate the building and assess the situation before taking further action.

Exit the building, if possible, and go to the assembly point to report injuries, damages and potentially hazardous conditions. Make note of any unsafe conditions, trapped personnel or other hazards to be reported when you evacuate to your EAP.

Only activate the fire alarm if there is a fire in your building.

Take your emergency supplies, car keys, purse and/or wallet with you. You may not be able to re-enter the building.

Leave doors unlocked.

Do NOT USE ELEVATORS.

Contact the Emergency Operations Center to notify them of any needed assistance and emergencies that may exist. Once you have exited the building, do not reenter until the building has been declared safe by trained emergency personnel.

Use the telephone system only for urgent matters.

Report any facility damage to Service2Facilities at (614) 292-4357.

Stay on campus until you have been accounted for and instructed it is safe to leave.

**As excerpted, with permission, from Stanford University EHS Emergency Response Guidelines

5.8 Workplace Violence / Terrorism / Active Shooter/ Armed Aggressor

The OSU Campus Community may become aware of a violent act by the sounds of an explosion, gunfire, scuffling or by observation of events that could only be intentional acts of violence. Other types of communication such as telephone, pager, email, public address system, Buckeye Alert or local media may be used to notify occupants of a potential threat. Life-threatening acts should be reported immediately by calling OSU Police at 9-1-1.

Different types of workplace violence / terrorism / armed aggressor require different actions:

*Explosion* – If an explosion occurs in the Ohio Union, occupants should evacuate using the same evacuation plan and procedures as they would for a fire.

*Physical Threat* – If someone’s actions pose a physical threat to you, get away from the perpetrator, evacuate the area and call 9-1-1 from a safe location.

*Toxic or Irritant Gas* – Immediately evacuate the Ohio Union using the same evacuation plan and procedures for fire. Acquire medical attention if necessary.

*Hostage Situation* – If possible, immediately vacate the area, take no chances to endanger the life of the hostage. Contact OSU Police at 9-1-1 immediately.

*Biological / Chemical Threats* (Suspicious packages, letters or substances) – Biological or chemical threats targeting individuals or departments can be controlled by screening incoming materials and by following the procedures...
outlined in this document.

_Armed Aggressor/Active Shooter_ – An armed aggressor is a person who is actively threatening lives or apparently prepared to threaten lives in a populated area. These situations require immediate law enforcement resources to stop the shooting and mitigate harm to victims. Responding law enforcement agencies will provide information and direction if this occurs.

The following are suggestions that may be followed, depending on the situation, in the event of an active shooter on campus:

- **Run - When an armed aggressor is in your vicinity:**
  - If there is an escape path, attempt to evacuate
  - Evacuate - whether others agree to or not
  - Leave your belongings behind
  - Help others escape if possible
  - Prevent others from entering the area
  - Call 911 when you are safe

- **Hide -If evacuation is not possible, find a place to hide.**
  - Proceed to a room that can be locked.
  - Close and lock all the windows and doors, and turn off all of the lights.
  - Blockade the door if possible
  - Silence your cell phone
  - Hide behind large objects
  - Remain very quiet
  - If possible, get down on the floor where no one is visible from outside the room.
  - If you see or know where an armed aggressor is located, dial 911 if possible and safe to do so and alert police to the shooter’s location. If you cannot speak, leave the line open so the dispatcher can listen to what’s taking place because if you are calling 911 from a campus phone, 911 can often determine a location without a caller speaking.

Your hiding place should:
  - Be out of the shooter’s view
  - Provide protection if shots are fired in your direction
  - Not trap or restrict your options for movement
• **Fight - As a last resort, and only if your life is in danger:**
  o Attempt to incapacitate the shooter
  o Act with physical aggression
  o Improvise weapons
  o Commit to your actions

911- When law enforcement arrives:
  o Remain calm and follow instructions
  o Keep your hands visible at all times
  o Avoid pointing or yelling
  o Know that help for the injured is on its way

**Robbery** – Robbery is defined as the taking of money or goods in the possession of another, from his or her person or immediate presence, by force or intimidation. Staff should always comply with the demands of the perpetrator and contact OSU Police at 9-1-1 when it is safe to do so. Responding law enforcement agencies will provide information and direction.

The following are steps that should be followed in the event of a robbery at the Ohio Union:

• Do NOT resist or interfere. Comply with the demands of the robber. Do not offer anything that the robber has not asked to have.

• If one is available AND it is safe to do so, pull the handle on the holdup/duress device which will silently notify University Police for emergency response.

• Whether the alarm has been activated or not and it is safe to do so, call The Ohio State University Police Department 9-1-1. Provide details on your exact location, what has taken place, if a weapon was seen or a threat made and the general direction of travel of the robber. Provide as much descriptive information as possible.

• Go to a secure place and await the police. Do NOT attempt to follow the person. Do not discuss the description or the events with ANYONE until Police arrive. Do not touch anything at the scene of the crime.

In the event someone is hurt as a result of these events, contact OSU Police at 9-1-1.

The Ohio State University Police will coordinate with Ohio Union or departmental administration staff and/or SL-REM during an incident and will inform the occupants once the building has been cleared for occupancy.
5.9 Severe Weather Notification

A NOAA weather radio or other severe weather notification system (i.e. computer alerts) is available in Room 2008 Ohio Union Administration Office c/o Ohio Union Activities Board. This notification service is dual powered working on both batteries and the building’s electrical service. The National Weather Service uses weather radios and computer alerts to announce watches or warnings.

OSU Emergency Management has developed a system that allows students, faculty and staff to receive a text message on their cell phones when the National Weather Service issues a severe weather warning for the OSU campus. All members of the BEAP team including area coordinators and evacuation assistants should be registered to receive severe weather text alerts. Please register your phone number by visiting www.go.osu.edu/weatheralert.

If the National Weather Service issues a Severe Thunderstorm Warning or a Tornado Warning, OSU Emergency Management will immediately send a text message to all registered cell phones with information on the storm.

**It is important to note that the system will only send a text message if the National Weather Service has determined that our campus is in the immediate warning area**

It is possible that a warning may be issued for another part of the county. If the National Weather Service does not include the OSU campus in the warning area, you may still hear the severe weather sirens but NOT receive a text message.

Types of warnings issued via the severe weather text alert system include:

**Severe Thunderstorm WARNING** - A severe thunderstorm is indicated by Doppler radar or sighted by skyward spotters. A severe thunderstorm contains large damaging hail, 3/4 inch diameter or larger, and/or damaging winds of around 60 mph or greater.

Once occupants have become aware of a severe thunderstorm warning, they should take no steps other than to remain indoors and to ensure they are prepared to act if conditions deteriorate.

**Tornado WARNING** - Strong rotation in a thunderstorm is indicated by Doppler radar or a tornado is sighted by skyward spotters.

The Building Emergency Coordinator will immediately notify employees by word of mouth, telephone, email or the voice notification system associated with the fire alarm system. This notification will advise building occupants of the type of warning (thunderstorm, tornado, flood, etc.) and to implement emergency actions for severe weather.

5.10 Tornados

A **Tornado Warning** is identified by the sounding of the outdoor emergency sirens for three minutes followed by seven minutes of silence, a weather radio alert tone broadcast by the National Weather Service, or notification by a local media outlet. A Tornado Warning indicates that a tornado has been sighted by ground observers or has been confirmed by Doppler radar within Franklin County.

Please note that
tornado sirens are not designed to be heard inside of buildings. They are designed to warn those individuals outside to take cover inside of a building.

Once occupants have been notified of a tornado warning, they should take cover to the lowest floor or the designated severe weather shelter as noted on the evacuation plans in Appendix D. Severe weather shelter areas in the Ohio Union include but are not limited to the bathrooms, basement corridor areas and the Great Hall Meeting Rooms.

If the severe weather shelter areas are not available, occupants should move to the central portion of the building on the lowest floor possible away from outside walls and glass. Personnel should anticipate the tornado warning could last a significant period of time, perhaps thirty-minutes or longer. A battery operated radio tuned to any local AM or FM radio station will provide current weather information. Personnel should not leave the shelter until a period of at least ten (10) minutes has elapsed without the sounding of the alert sirens, or the local news media announced an “all clear.”

Persons with disabilities should be provided assistance, if requested, on the same basis as described in the fire evacuation procedure.

The advisability of moving a disabled person from one floor to another as previously discussed applies equally to a tornado warning. It is recommended that persons in wheelchairs be assisted to the safest area on the same floor. The decision to remain with a disabled person would be the option for any individual providing assistance.

Elevators should not be used to move disabled persons during a tornado warning as the potential for electrical malfunction is considered to be too high to warrant the risk.

5.11 Utility Outages

Employees will become aware of utility interruptions by the obvious absence of that particular utility.

No Lights, Computers not working – Electric
Toilets won’t flush, drinking fountains not working – Water
Inability to place outgoing telephone calls – Telephone
No Heat – Steam
No Air Conditioning – Electric

In the event of a utility outage, the Student Life Service Desk - Service2Facilities should be contacted immediately at 292-4357(HELP) to report the problem and obtain any additional information. The Building Emergency Coordinator should also be notified.

While a power interruption does not usually cause emergencies within a facility or injuries to its employees, hazards may be created by outages. The Building Emergency Coordinator in conjunction with Student Life-Risk and Emergency Management will determine the appropriate course of action. The Building Emergency Coordinator and SL-REM should consider the following issues:

• Dangers from tripping and injuries due to lights being out.
• Person(s) trapped on elevators.
• Dangers from extreme heat or cold on employees.
Inability to contact responders if an emergency occurs while telephones are out.

Sanitation problems due to no water, etc.

The Assistant Vice President of Student Life/Director of the Ohio Union or her designee, in coordination with Student Life – Risk and Emergency Management, will make a decision regarding the continuance of work in the buildings affected by the utility interruption. Any occupant who comes into contact with a student or visitor should direct them to take appropriate actions. Any occupant who comes into contact with a visitor or student who is physically disabled should assist those individuals.

If anyone is trapped on an elevator, immediately call Service2Facilities at 292-4357 (HELP), or if there is a medical emergency or danger to the health of those who are trapped, call OSU Police at 9-1-1. All elevators at the Ohio Union are connected to the emergency generator and will return occupants to the first floor of the facility in the event of a power outage one car at a time.

5.12 Medical Emergencies

In case of medical emergencies, immediately call OSU Police at 9-1-1 or (614) 292-2121 from a cell phone and report the emergency.

When reporting the emergency, provide the following information:

1. Your name.
2. Type of emergency.
3. Location of the victim.
4. Condition of the victim.
5. Any dangerous conditions.

Comfort the victim and try not to move him or her until emergency medical personnel arrive. Practice universal precautions – protect yourself from blood or body fluid exposures.

- Notify Ohio Union administration personnel.
- Have someone standby outside the building to “flag down” EMS when they reach the vicinity of the building.
- If applicable, an employee accident report should be completed and the employee’s supervisor should be contacted.

5.13 Emergency Evacuation for Persons with Disabilities

General

These are general guidelines of evacuation procedures for persons with disabilities, which would make exiting difficult during a fire and other building emergencies. Faculty, staff, students and visitors with disabilities must develop their own facilities’ evacuation plans and identify their primary and secondary evacuation routes from each building they use. They should:

- Be familiar with evacuation options.
• Seek evacuation assistants who are willing to assist in case of an emergency.
• Ask supervisors, instructors, SL REM or Environmental Health & Safety about evacuation plans for buildings.

The Ohio Union has accessible exits at the ground level floor that can be used during an emergency (see Appendix H). However, people located on floors above ground level will need to use stairways to reach building exits. Elevators cannot be used because they have been shown to be potentially unsafe in emergencies.

Evacuation Options

Persons without disabilities must evacuate to the nearest exit. Persons with disabilities have three basic evacuation options.

*Horizontal* evacuation: using building exits to the outside ground level or, on upper floors, going into unaffected wings or smoke divisions of multi-building complexes.

*Stairway* evacuation: using steps to reach ground level exits from the building.

*Stay in Place*: unless danger is imminent, remaining in a room with an exterior window, a telephone and a solid or fire-resistant door. With this approach, the person may keep in contact with emergency services by dialing 9-1-1 and reporting his or her location directly. Emergency services will immediately relay this location to on-site emergency personnel, who will determine the necessity for evacuation. Phone lines are expected to remain in service during most building emergencies. If the phone lines fail, the individual can signal from the window by waving a cloth or other visible object.

The Stay in Place approach may be more appropriate for sprinkler protected buildings or buildings where an “area of refuge” is not available such as the Ohio Union. It may also be more appropriate for an occupant who is alone when the alarm sounds. Most doors in the Ohio Union are fire rated for a minimum of 20 minutes. A “solid” or fire-resistant door can be identified by a fire label on the jam and frame. Non-labeled 1 3/4 inch thick solid core wood doors hung on a metal frame also offer good fire resistance such as the ones used on most of the event/meeting rooms.

For false or needless alarms or an isolated and contained fire, a person with a disability may not have to evacuate. The decision to evacuate will be made by the Columbus Fire Department (CFD). The CFD will tell the individual their decision or relay the information via the OSU Police Department (OSUPD).

Disability Guidelines

Prior planning and practicing of emergency evacuation routes are important in assuring a safe evacuation.

Mobility Impaired – Wheelchair

Persons using wheelchairs should stay in place with their assistant when the alarm sounds or evacuate via the first floor ADA exits/entrances if person is located on the first floor. The evacuation assistant should then proceed to the evacuation assembly point outside the building and tell CFD or OSUPD the location of the

Revised 9/9/2014 36 Version 3
person with a disability. If the person with a disability is alone, he/she should call 9-1-1 with their location or the location they are heading to in order to seek safe shelter.

If the stair landing is chosen as the area, please note that some of these in the Ohio Union have relatively small stair landings and wheelchair users are advised to wait until the heavy traffic has passed before entering the stairway.

Stairway evacuation of wheelchair users should be conducted by trained professionals (CFD). Only in situations of extreme danger should untrained people attempt to evacuate wheelchair users. Moving a wheelchair down stairs is never safe.

**Mobility Impaired - Non-Wheelchair**

Persons with mobility impairments, who are able to walk independently, may be able to negotiate stairs in an emergency with minor assistance. If danger is imminent, the individual should wait until the heavy traffic has cleared before attempting the stairs. If there is no immediate danger (detectable smoke, fire, or unusual odor), the person with a disability may choose to stay in the building, using the other options, until the emergency personnel arrive and determine if evacuation is necessary.

**Hearing Impaired**

Persons with hearing impairments may not hear audio emergency alarms and will need to be alerted of emergency situations. Emergency instructions can be given by writing a short explicit note to evacuate. The Ohio Union is fully equipped with fire alarm strobe lights which may alert hearing impaired individuals to a fire alarm or need for evacuation.

Reasonable accommodations for persons with hearing impairments may be met by modifying the building fire alarm system, particularly for occupants who spend most of their day in one location. Persons needing such accommodation should contact Student Life Risk and Emergency Management by calling 614-292-9334.

**Visually Impaired**

Most people with a visual impairment will be familiar with their immediate surroundings and frequently traveled routes. Since the emergency evacuation route is likely different from the commonly traveled route, persons who are visually impaired may need assistance in evacuating. The assistant should offer their elbow to the individual with a visual impairment and guide him or her through the evacuation route. During the evacuation the assistant should communicate as necessary to assure safe evacuation.

5.14 Event Emergency Procedures

When you hear the fire alarm...

Everyone should calmly collect his or her coats and books and exit the event space. Leave the room and go the nearest building exit. Know the location of alternate exits.

**The elevators cannot be used during a fire alarm!**

Go to the Emergency Assembly Point. Exception: Persons with disabilities may choose to remain in place based on their predetermined plan and imminent danger.
When there is a **power outage**...

Everyone should stay in his or her seat to see if the outage is temporary and to let his or her eyes adjust to the lower light level.

If the outage appears to be long term, everyone should calmly collect their materials and carefully exit the building. Emergency egress lighting will illuminate to assist with the evacuation.

If there is an **earthquake**...

**Duck and Cover** your head for protection from material that might fall from the ceiling or walls, after the shaking stops, calmly evacuate the building. (See Section 5.6 for more details.)

5.15 **Suspicious Packages, Letters or Substances**

**Biological or Chemical Threats**

**SCREENING PACKAGES AND LETTERS**

BIOLOGICAL OR CHEMICAL THREATS targeting individuals or departments can be controlled by screening incoming materials and by following the procedures listed below. University, City of Columbus and State of Ohio Public Safety agencies have plans in place to deal with these types of threats. Following the procedures below will activate those plans and promote the highest level of safety while minimizing the disruption associated with these incidents.

Common features of SUSPECT letters/packages are:

- Liquid leaking from package
- No return address
- Hand written or poorly typed address
- Misspelling of common words
- Restrictive markings such as "Confidential", "Personal", etc.
- Excessive weight and/or feel of a powdery or foreign substance
- Foreign post marks and / or writing
- Source of the letter / package is not recognized by recipient / addressee

**IF YOU RECEIVE A LETTER OR NOTE THREATENING BIOLOGICAL CONTAMINATION (i.e., ANTHRAX) OR OTHER SUSPECT SUBSTANCES:**

**RELAX AND REMAIN CALM** – Although any threatened use of a biological agent must be treated as though it is real, experience has demonstrated that these are likely to be a HOAX. If the suspected biological agent is reported as anthrax, be assured that it is NOT generally contagious (i.e., spread from person to person) and that treatment is available and effective if administered before the onset of symptoms.

**DO NOT** OPEN THE LETTER OR PACKAGE.

**CONTACT UNIVERSITY POLICE @ 911 or 292-2121.**
REMAIN AT THE SITE UNTIL POLICE ARRIVE WITH INSTRUCTIONS. Public Safety / Healthcare responders can evaluate the risk to those in the room at the time of potential exposure, as well as any impact on the remainder of the building.

IF YOU INADVERTENTLY OPEN A SUSPECT PACKAGE / LETTER OR IT IS LEAKING (LIQUID OR UNKNOWN SUBSTANCE):

IMMEDIATELY SET THE ITEM DOWN GENTLY AT THE LOCATION WHERE IT WAS OPENED.

CONTACT UNIVERSITY POLICE @ 911 or 292-2121.

ALL POTENTIALLY EXPOSED PERSONS SHOULD WASH EXPOSED SKIN SURFACES WITH SOAP AND WATER. SHUT DOWN ANY FANS, AIR CONDITIONERS OR HEATERS IF POSSIBLE.

RETURN TO AN AREA WITHIN THE BUILDING ADJACENT TO THE INITIAL EXPOSURE AND WAIT FOR THE POLICE (FOR EXAMPLE HALLWAY OUTSIDE ORIGINAL ROOM).

DO NOT ALLOW OTHERS INTO THE AREA. IF ANYONE ENTERS THE AREA, THEY SHOULD STAY IN THE AREA UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO LEAVE BY UNIVERSITY POLICE OR OTHER PUBLIC SAFETY RESPONDERS.

Public Safety / Healthcare responders can evaluate the risk to those in the room at the time of potential exposure, as well as any impact on the remainder of the building. Based upon that risk assessment, further emergency measures may be implemented as necessary. If the risk is found to be minimal, other areas of the facility will not be disrupted and any necessary actions to return the affected area to normal activity will begin as soon as possible.

WHAT YOU SHOULD NOT DO!

DO NOT pass the letter or package to others to examine.

DO NOT touch, smell, taste or try to analyze the substance.

DO NOT disturb any contents in the letter or package. Handling the letter / package may only spread the substance inside and increase the chances of it getting into the air.

DO NOT ignore the threat, it must be treated as real until properly evaluated.

DO NOT leave the building until instructed to do so.

IF YOU HAVE FURTHER QUESTIONS CONTACT OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY (292-1284), UNIVERSITY POLICE (292-2121).
Chapter 6 TRAINING & REVIEW

6.1 EMPLOYEE ORIENTATION

New employees must be informed of the BEAP as part of their orientation as new employees. This initial plan and all significant revisions to the plan will be routed to all personnel via the Building Emergency Coordinator. The staff will be reminded of the plan as necessary and encouraged to discuss with their staff, students and visitors.

6.2 REVIEW AND EXERCISE OF BEAP

On an annual basis, the Ohio Union will exercise a portion of their department specific plan included in the BEAP. These activities may include a fire drill, chemical spill drill, bomb threat drill, etc. and may be included as part of a business continuity drill. This exercise must be scheduled with and documented by SL REM. Additionally, the BEAP should be reviewed at least on a semi-annual basis to ensure employee listings, emergency phone numbers, building emergency coordinators and floor evacuation coordinators information is current. An updated copy of the BEAP should be sent to SL-REM.

6.3 TRAINING

Upon implementation of the BEAP and periodically thereafter, all employees must be informed of the BEAP. Training will be made available to Ohio Union Building Coordinators and Area/Floor Coordinators on an initial and “refresher” basis. Please see SL REM to schedule this training by contacting either renker.5@osu.edu or foust.103@osu.edu. Employees can receive a copy of the plan by contacting SL REM or the Building Emergency Coordinator.
Appendix A

Ohio Union

Responsible Individuals

BUILDING EMERGENCY COORD.
NAME: Eve Esch*
CELL PHONE: 614-432-3078
NAME: Adrienne Gladish*
CELL PHONE: 614-218-0207

MCC EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Pat Hall
CELL PHONE: 614-370-8425
ALTERNATE: Teena Poole
CELL PHONE: 614-446-7664

ALT BLDG EMERGENCY COORD.
NAME: Jeff Pelletier*
CELL PHONE: 614-477-9811

CAMPUS DINING EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Patrick Ionno
CELL PHONE: 614-206-5391
ALTERNATE: Jason Crowe
CELL PHONE: 614-203-5402
ALTERNATE: Donna Hoar, Aimee Christensen
OFFICE(S): 292-5117, 292-3105, 292-3408

Lower Level EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Shane Barney*
CELL PHONE: 614-563-4409
ALTERNATE: Claire Meeks*
CELL PHONE: 614-632-6928
(Evenings: Rick & Paul)

SLOOPY'S
NAME: Jason Young, Learry Miller, Steve McCloskey
OFFICE: 292-7000

Ground FLOOR EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Megan Lyon*
CELL PHONE: 440-465-3532
ALTERNATE: Ruth Durig
CELL PHONE: (330) 607-8999

INSTRUCTIONAL KITCHEN
NAME: Mark Dullin
CELL PHONE:740-412-1517

2nd FLOOR EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Casey Ray*
CELL PHONE: 330-201-5179
ALTERNATE: Ryan Lovell
CELL PHONE: 614-460-1895

OHIO UNION ADMIN
NAME: Katie Krajny*
CELL PHONE: 440-258-4942
ALTERNATE: Kurt Foriska
CELL PHONE: 614-668-5060

3rd FLOOR EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Patti Gunther
CELL PHONE: 614-582-4116
ALTERNATE: Sean McLaughlin
CELL PHONE: 614-202-8857
NSC/OCCSE: Dilna Cama
CELL PHONE: 614-634-2314
VP SUITE: Jen Keller

STUDENT ORG EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Kristen Rupert*
CELL PHONE: 330-606-6341
ALTERNATE: Caroline El-Khoury
CELL PHONE: 740-504-6135

OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY BOOKSTORE
STORE NUMBER: 614-688-8888
NAME: Melissa Elston
MTG/EVENTS EVACUATION COORD.
NAME: Chris Nesler*
CELL PHONE: 614-835-7396
ALTERNATE: Mitch Benner*
CELL PHONE: 614-526-9166
NAME: Morgan Mechan*
CELL PHONE: 615-714-7816
ALTERNATE: Clinton Daugherty*
CELL PHONE: 614-602-5507

CATERING KITCHEN
NAME: Brian Bassitt
CELL PHONE: 614-395-2170
ALTERNATE: Chuck Baluc, Chad Crumwell
CELLPHONE: 614-554-5167, 614-595-3510

FOH CATERING KITCHEN
NAME: Faith Vrancken*
CELL PHONE: 740-306-3759
ALTERNATE: Jen Westgerdes*
CELL PHONE: 419-852-8402
ALTERNATE: Jen Heney*
CELL PHONE: 614-301-9674

STAIRWELLS:
1. **Roof top east & west:**
   Security Staff*
   Jeff Arthur*, 515-231-2014
2. **NE Ballroom to US Bank corridor:**
   Katie Enciso-Dougherty, 614-205-9899
   Ryan Pitts, 937-974-3271
   Debbie Rogers, 614-783-3765
3. **High Street:**
   Dan Huffman, 419-651-1754
   Neal Hoyning, 419-305-6389
4. **Gottsegen:**
   Felix Alonso, 614-571-3094
   Karen Narwicz, 614-419-0745
5. **Front of Center to Sloopy’s:**
   J. Randall Hicks, 614-404-2711
   Eric Lee, 419-957-3346
6. **Rear of Center & PH Balcony:**
   Matt Van Jura, 440-666-5363
   Jake Cohen, 860-428-3472
7. **West Plaza (3rd floor down & out):**
   Kim Smith*, 614-206-7860
   Marilyn Franck*, 614-270-3837
   Elaine McLaughlin-Overholt*, 614-738-2487
   Ristina Gooden*, 248-719-0355

DOORS/LANDING AREAS:
1. **High Street Doors ➔ High Street Bench:**
   Yvonne Dulaney*, 614-679-8741
   Kellie Uhrig, 614-496-3341
2. **US Bank ➔ NE Corner near garage:**
   Jeff Beyke, 614-203-9035
3. **College Rd Doors ➔ South Oval:**
   Nick Stefanik*, 614-551-1311
   Larry Moore*, 614-357-4469
4. **Loading Dock Doors:** S/R/S Staff*
5. **Potter Plaza Doors ➔ Law School:**
   Matt Couch*, 614-657-8763
   Jen Cottrell, 614-638-9422
8. **Great Hall/CAP Area:**  
   Building Manager *, 614-402-4335

9. **Lower Level East:**  
   Shane Barney*, 614-563-4409

10. **Spiral Staircase:**  
    Megan Lyon*, 440-465-3532
Appendix B

Ohio Union

Unusually Hazardous Locations and Key Laboratory Personnel

The following areas have been identified as unusually hazardous locations. The first responsibility in case of an emergency is keeping yourself and others safe. If time permits, it is recommended that the operator shut down all hazardous processes, gas and power in these areas before evacuating the building.

List unusually hazardous locations; who the contacts are for each location and how to contact them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Representative</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
<th>Hazard(s):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0110</td>
<td>Eric Faulk</td>
<td>614-402-8411</td>
<td>Chiller Refrigerant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0110</td>
<td>Eric Faulk</td>
<td>614-402-8411</td>
<td>Gas Connections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2095</td>
<td>Kristen Rupert</td>
<td>330-606-6341</td>
<td>Helium Tanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dock</td>
<td>Adrienne Gladish</td>
<td>614-551-8340</td>
<td>High Voltage Areas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0105</td>
<td>Lawrence Washington</td>
<td>614-679-5030</td>
<td>Housekeeping Chemicals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0110</td>
<td>Eric Faulk</td>
<td>614-402-8411</td>
<td>Propane</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix C - Bomb Threat (Explosive Device) Data Card

This card (or a similar one) should be used when a bomb threat is received via the telephone. The Ohio State University Police Department will provide copies of a bomb threat data card upon request.

PLACE THIS CARD UNDER YOUR TELEPHONE

QUESTIONS TO ASK:

1. When is the explosive devise set to explode?
2. Where is it right now?
3. What does it look like?
4. What kind of explosive device is it?
5. What will cause it to explode?
6. Did you place the explosive device?
7. Why?
8. What is your address?
9. What is your name?

EXACT WORDING OF THE THREAT:

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

SEX OF CALLER: _____ RACE/NATIONALITY: ____________

AGE: __________ LENGTH OF CALL: __________

NUMBER AT WHICH CALL WAS RECEIVED: __________

TIME: __________ DATE: __________

CALLER’S VOICE:

______ Calm ________ Nasal
______ Angry ________ Stutter
______ Excited ________ Lisp
______ Slow ________ Raspy
______ Rapid ________ Deep
______ Soft ________ Ragged
______ Loud ________ Clearing throat
______ Laughter ________ Deep breathing
______ Crying ________ Cracking voice
______ Normal ________ Disguised
______ Distinct ________ Accent
______ Slurred ________ Familiar

If voice is familiar, whom did it sound like?

BACKGROUND SOUNDS:

______ Street Noises ________ Animal Sounds
______ Voices ________ Clear
______ PA system ________ Static
______ Music ________ Local
______ House Sounds ________ Long Distance
______ Office Sounds ________ Phone Booth
______ Factory ________ Other:

SOUNDS

THREAT LANGUAGE:

______ Well spoken ________ Incoherent
______ Foul ________ Taped
______ Irrational ________ Read

REMARKS: ____________________________

________________________________________________________________________

IMMEDIATELY CALL THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY
Police Department at 911

Give responding officers this completed card.

DATE: ________ NAME: ______________________

POSITION: __________ PHONE #: __________
Evacuation Guidelines
• In case of fire or other emergency requiring evacuation, activate the nearest fire alarm pull station.
• Notify the Fire Department by calling 911 from a safe location.
• Assist injured personnel, if time permits, and make sure all doors are closed as you exit the building.
• Help any physically impaired individuals in need of assistance. Report those staying behind to emergency responders.
• Go to the Evacuation Assembly Point and report anyone known trapped in the building or missing. Share information with Emergency Responders.
• Employees (Faculty – Staff – Researchers) shall direct others to leave the building until told by emergency responders it is safe to re-enter.

Safety Guidelines
• Familiarize yourself with the location of exits, fire alarm pull stations and fire extinguishers.
• Fire extinguishers should be used only when the fire is small and you feel comfortable doing so.
• Keep fire doors closed to prevent the spread of smoke and fire.
• Familiarize yourself with building-specific emergency procedures.
• If you are disabled, have a predetermined plan for evacuations.
• In case of tornado, proceed to lowest level. Keep away from doors & windows.
Evacuation Guidelines

- In case of fire or other emergency requiring evacuation, activate the nearest fire alarm pull station.
- **Notify the Fire Department by calling 911** from a safe location.
- Assist injured personnel, if time permits, and make sure all doors are closed as you exit the building.
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• Keep fire doors closed to prevent the spread of smoke and fire.
• Familiarize yourself with building-specific emergency procedures.
• If you are disabled, have a predetermined plan for evacuations.
• In case of tornado, proceed to lowest level. Keep away from doors & windows.
APPENDIX E

BEAP Area Coordinator Responsibilities

**Lower Level:**

0175, 0147, IK, CAP Desk, Dance Rooms, Maudine, Craft Room, Restrooms/Showers, 0121, Breakroom and locker rooms, 0105, 0103, 0101, (Ideal exit up stairs to loading dock to employee access doors)

**Ground Floor:**

Info Center, Alumni Office, Performance Hall, Conference Theater, Roth Lounge, Restrooms North and South, Great Hall Meeting Rooms 1, 2, 3. (Ideal exit through High Street/South Courtyard doors). *Have Info Center Staff to guide guests away from building.*

**OSU Bookstore/US Bank/Satellite Public Safety Office:**

Station 88, storeroom, bank and all spaces within, mechanical closet, Public Safety (Ideal exit through doors leading toward garage)

**Campus Dining:**

Office Aisle, GH Kitchenettes, Woody’s prep area, foodservice line, bar and dining area, Union Market Kitchen and Storerooms, Union Market Food Stations, Dining Areas, Espress-OH (Ideal exit through College Rd doors)

**Sloopys:**

Rear and front kitchens, coffee shop, dining room, patios, reception area, office, storerooms, restrooms, Private Dining Room, Green Room, connecting area to PHLD, PHLD (Ideal exit through doors leading to 12th and College or PHLD main doors)

**2nd Floor:**

Admin Suite west including kitchenette, grad pad, 2050, East Art Lounge, South Restrooms, Glass Art Lounge (Ideal exit down Ballroom Stairs then through High Street doors)

**Admin Suite:**

All office spaces from southeast forward, beginning w/ Director’s conference room (Ideal exit down ballroom stairwell through High Street doors); Admin Restrooms

**Keith B. Key Center for Student Leadership and Service:**

Graphics, resource room, OUAB, all offices, meeting rooms, lounge spaces (Ideal exit down and out through stairwell leading to PHLD)
**Catering Kitchen:**

Walk in coolers/freezer, entire kitchen and dish area, storage space, office (Ideal exit down loading dock stairwell and through employee doors)

**FOH Catering:**

FOH Kitchen prep area, rear ballroom area, storage rooms (Ideal exit down High Street stairwell towards US Bank)

**Meeting/Events:**

3rd Floor meeting rooms, 3rd floor storage areas, kitchenette, 3rd floor landing, mechanical room, 2nd floor meeting rooms, ballroom, lounges (Ideal exit down West Courtyard stairwell)

**3rd Floor:**

South Restrooms, Buck ID, VP Suite, OCSSE/NSC, Lounge, UAFYE, Interfaith & Prayer Room, Gottsegen Lounge (Ideal exit down Gottsegen Stairwell towards bus loop)
Appendix F
Ohio Union Fire Alarm Response Procedures

If the evacuation signals sound and/or Red alarm appears on the Control Panel:

☐ Check the read out on the main panel or on either of the remote annuciators (at the loading dock or the main east vestibule) to determine alarm location and device type.

☐ Send a staff member to investigate the cause, utilizing safe alarm investigation techniques.

☐ If the device is a water flow switch, this usually means the sprinkler water is flowing and must be shut off ASAP, provided that if a fire caused it to flow the fire is extinguished. Consult the sprinkler zone valve locator guide located in the fire control room.

☐ Have a staff member meet the Public Safety personnel at their response point (generally southeast corner of the building located near the fire command center).

☐ If the alarm is determined to be caused by something other than smoke from a fire, consider calling OSU Police at 911 back and relay all pertinent information. NOTE: If calling OSU Police from a cell phone, dial 292-2121.

☐ Restore field condition that caused the alarm back to normal, ie, clear smoke, stop flowing sprinkler, reset pull station.

☐ If Public Safety entities are on the scene, they may perform reset. If not, authorized Ohio Union staff may reset the panel. (See below for approved list.)

☐ Never silence the audible signals or reset the panel until someone has positively investigated the cause and determined that it is not a fire.

☐ Call 2-HELP for service if needed.

IMPORTANT NOTE: All red alarms must be clear on the panel before the heating/cooling air handlers will come back on.

If A Trouble Alarm (Yellow only) Appears on the Fire Alarm Panel:

If trouble alarm occurs, check panel for alarm location and investigate. Always call 2-HELP to report trouble alarms.

The following personnel have been trained and are the only individuals other than Public Safety personnel approved to carry out the above procedure:

Eve Esch, Adrienne Gladish, Jeff Pelletier, and Chris Nesler
## Appendix G

### Building Systems Contact List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System</th>
<th>Contact Person/Group</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Building Automation System</td>
<td>Kevin Bledsoe</td>
<td>614-292-4357(HELP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Alarm and Life Safety Systems</td>
<td>Chuck Winchell</td>
<td>614-292-4357(HELP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panic Alarms</td>
<td>University Security Services</td>
<td>614-292-6677</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art Security Alarms</td>
<td>University Security Services</td>
<td>614-292-6677</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Cameras</td>
<td>Bert Stebens</td>
<td>614-292-4357(HELP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Online Card Readers</td>
<td>BuckID</td>
<td>614-292-5700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offline Card Readers</td>
<td>Dane Marsee</td>
<td>614-292-4357(HELP)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix H - ADA Entrances